

# Science Policy

Date	Review Date	Coordinator	Nominated Governor
15.10.2020	01.11.2021	Emma Williams / Sarah Deans	Yet to be allocated

## **Introduction**

This policy reflects the values and philosophy of Heltwate School in relation to the teaching and learning of Science. It sets out a framework within which teachers and teaching assistants can operate and gives guidance on planning, teaching and assessment.

A high-quality science education provides the foundations for understanding the world through the specific disciplines of biology, chemistry and physics. Science has changed our lives and is vital to the world's future prosperity, and all pupils should be taught essential aspects of the knowledge, methods, processes and uses of science. Through building up a body of key foundational knowledge and concepts, pupils should be encouraged to recognise the power of rational explanation and develop a sense of excitement and curiosity about natural phenomena. They should be encouraged to understand how science can be used to explain what is occurring, predict how things will behave, and analyse causes.

The National Curriculum in England 2014

### <u>Aims</u>

The aims of Science in this school are set out below and are reflective of the school's mission policy, along with the National Curriculum:

- to develop and nurture an interest in Science
- to develop scientific knowledge and conceptual understanding
- to develop an understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science through different types of science enquiries that help them to answer scientific questions about the world around them
- to develop an understanding of how science relates to pupils own bodies and everyday life
- for pupils to be equipped with the scientific knowledge required to understand the uses and implications of science, today and for the future
- to ensure Science is taught taking account for safe working practices
- to give pupils understanding of how to be safe when conducting experiments and investigations
- to make sure there is progression through the use of Cornerstones tailored schemes of work (based upon abilities of class/students)

# Teaching and learning

The programs of study describe a sequence of knowledge and concepts. While it is important that pupils make progress, it is also vitally important that they develop a secure understanding of each strand of knowledge and understand the concepts in order to progress to the next stage. In order to achieve these aims and to ensure all areas of the Curriculum are met, the programs of study for science are set out year-by-year across the school and are linked to other areas of the Curriculum in order to develop cross-curricular studies.

The Science elements of the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) are taught within the area of 'Understanding the World', My play to learn' and 'The world around me', however all areas of the Foundation Stage curriculum are linked and taught alongside each other. A selection of classes in Lower School follow the EYFS framework and, as stated, science lessons are delivered through 'Understanding the world'. This involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community through opportunities to explore, observe and find out about people, places, technology and the environment. All planning for classes following the EYFS framework are clearly linked to development matters objectives. In addition to this, the EYFS classes reinforce their learning through continuous provision and explorative play. KS1 and lower KS2 classes follow an informal curriculum and learn through play and exploratory learning.

Following on from the EYFS framework, a selection of classes in Lower school, Upper school and St Georges (KS4), follow the Cornerstones 'topic' schemes of work. These topics allow science to be taught in a meaningful, practical and interesting way to ensure conceptual understanding is developed, in line with teacher targets and appropriate curriculum objectives. Cornerstones topics have different curriculum focuses, which may not always be science based, however science is always incorporated within these sessions to ensure continual development of knowledge and understanding. This allows pupils to transfer scientific knowledge to alternative situations and reinforce their learning. Throughout all stages, it is encouraged that pupils develop and enrich their scientific vocabulary where appropriate, and embed contextual understanding behind scientific vocabulary. All planning for classes following cornerstones schemes of work highlight and link to aims and objectives as outlined in the National Curriculum. These classes follow a formal timetable and are taught science through conventional lessons during their topic sessions.

Science in Post 16 is not taught discreeetly but is embedded in the life skills centred curriculum. Both Olympic classes follow the EQUALS Moving on accredited schemes of work, science concepts are covered in Vocational Studies and Independent Living modules. Olympic classes also complete ASDAN units, which include scientific elements. Pupils learn about practical science such as: safety in the kitchen, the human body, using chemicals and healthy diets, this hands on approach allows pupils to gain an understanding of scientific concepts in contextual environments.

Students are provided with opportunities to use the grounds of the school to improve their scientific knowledge, as well as their understanding and curiosity, through the taught lessons at the allotment/gardening areas. These additional learning opportunities encourage students to transfer their knowledge into alternate environs and to develop their understanding. These activities also provide students to learn as they play, challenge their own opinions and develop their interest in the world around them.

### Attainment and Assessment

Assessment is used to inform future planning and to provide information about individuals throughout their time in the school. Assessment techniques will ensure that teachers assess the investigative process and not simply the final outcome.

These techniques should include:

- teachers' observations of pupils
- teacher-pupil discussion and questioning
- pupils' work produced
- pupils' ongoing analysis of their achievements
- photographs of children involved in the investigation process
- use of ICT as appropriate
- Tapestry journals

When reviewing the pupils' progress in Science, teachers must consider the children's ability to:

- turn a question into a form that can be investigated
- recognise the need to control variables to conduct a fair test
- select and use appropriate equipment safely and effectively
- accurately observe and measure
- select an appropriate way of recording and presenting data
- interpret results and draw conclusions
- show interest and motivation in Science

Teachers use their assessment to inform planning and set targets. Each term's progress for pupils following the Cornerstones schemes are updated on the Earwig online assessment tracker. Yearly targets are set for pupils for each subject around individual progression. Children's individual progress and achievements in Science are shared with parents in the form of a report at the end of each term. Science in Post 16 is assessed through moderation, a sample of all accreditation is sent for external moderation. EQUALS modules are graded through pupils level of understanding and engagement with a topic.

### Role of the Governing Body

The Governing Body has:

- delegated powers and responsibilities to the Head Teacher for all school personnel to comply with this policy;
- responsibility for ensuring funding is in place to support this policy;
- responsibility for ensuring policies are made available to parents;
- nominated a link governor to visit the school regularly, to liaise with the Head Teacher and to report back to the Governing Body;
- responsibility for the effective implementation, monitoring and evaluation of this policy

# Role of the Head Teacher

The Head Teacher will:

- ensure all school personnel are aware of and comply with the science policy requirements;
- monitor the effectiveness of this policy;
- annually report to the Governing Body on the success and development of this policy

### Coordinator's Role

The teachers responsible for coordinating Science are Emma Williams and Sarah Deans. This may include the following:

- review and contribute to teacher planning
- prepare a policy

- develop the policy and scheme of work with staff
- prepare a subject development plan
- plan a Science Curriculum day, including gathering feedback
- provide guidance, advice and skill
- in class teaching support
- Provide online Science tasks for whole school learning in the event of school closure (COVID lockdown).
- ensuring the Science risk assessment is current
- specifying and ordering resources in consultation with staff
- monitoring and maintaining condition and availability of resources
- monitoring teaching and learning in Science.

The coordinators are able to monitor teaching and learning through monitoring teachers' planning, displays, work scrutinies and lesson observations.

# Role of School Staff

School Staff are expected to:

- comply with this policy
- develop planning for Cornerstones schemes of work linking to the Science National Curriculum
- develop and deliver planning linked to Accreditation
- to ensure work for EQUALS and ASDAN Accreditation is marked and recorded appropriately and sent away to be externally moderated
- ensure lessons are supported by high quality resources
- ask for resources to be ordered which will benefit the learning of individuals, the class, or the school as a whole
- complete assessment using the following moderation tools: National Curriculum level descriptors/Development Matters, recording finding via Cornerstones.
- Teachers and support staff are to ensure all work is differentiated according to cognitive levels and physical needs of all children. Where possible symbols will be used to support reading and writing, within the Science curriculum, to ensure all children can access all learning opportunities.
- All staff to ensure that any shared resources are cleaned properly after use and comply with the schools COVID 19 regulations.

# Role of Pupils

Pupils are expected to:

- to take part in all lessons and try their best
- to look after all Scientific resources
- to listen to adult instructions at all times when taking part in any experiment
- undertake online learning activities related to Science in the event of school closures (COVID 19 Lockdown).
- To wash hands before and after using science equipment
- to adhere to all health and safety rules as set by teachers

### **Review and Monitoring**

This Policy will be reviewed annually allowing for any changes in the ethos of the school regarding display.

Teaching of science will be discussed with Senior Management, regarding any modifications deemed necessary.

We will raise awareness of this policy via:

- The School Handbook/Prospectus
- The School website
- The Staff Handbook
- Reports, such annual report to parents and Head teacher reports to the Governing Body

### **Evaluation**

This Science policy will be reviewed in November 2021

This policy was ratified by the Governing Body on .....